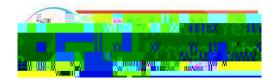
# Individuals and Societies



# Scope and Sequence- 2022

Our philosophy:





# **Overview of faculty**

Ye ar	Concept	SOI	Topics
6	Change (Sem unit)	Changes in the world impact individuals and groups.	Colonisation
	Global Interactions (Sem unit)	Sustainable solution to resource use requires international cooperation and individual responsibility.	Sustainability
7	Relationships	Understanding relationships helps us to make decisions.	Ancient civilizations- Egypt
	Identity	Identity is created by our connection with place.	Ecosystems
	Perspective	Understanding perspectives helps us to recognise that different conditions have consequences.	Water
	Change	Change impacts the world around us.	Australian Historical / civics focused
8	Systems	Social systems create variations in culture and equality.	Middle Ages
	Global Interactions	Lack of development and ingenuity lead to demise.	Expansion
	Systems	Humans are vulnerable to natural environmental systems.	Landforms
	Change	There are consequences when changes are made to places and environments.	Population
9	Change	Our treatment of minorities has changed over time	Making the modern world
	Time, place and space	Identity and values are shaped by how an individual reacts to the events of their time.	WW1
	Systems	Securing our future food security systems requires climate actions.	Biomes & Climate Change
	Systems	Political systems have been created to ensure peace and prosperity.	Civic / democracy / political systems / spectrum etc.
10	Change		

Terms	Unit Title	Key and Related Concepts	Global Context	SOI	Approaches to Learning Skills	Compulsory / optional considerations.	Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment
1	Forever Changing	Change	Identities and relationships	Changes in the world, impact individuals and groups.	Communication Self- management Thinking	Indigenous Life Colonization Impacts on Indigenous Life Governance Influential people in Australian and global history	Multi-modal- Students select from a list of influential people. They explore how individuals have created change within the world. Criteria: A, B Students identity how the world has changed. This is a case study that can be given or selected by the student. Criteria: C, D	Research Synthesis Describing Explaining Note-taking Paraphrasing ICT skills Presentation skills Research skills Referencing

Indigenous- roles in society Indigenous- culture in society Life after colonization

and Constitution (ACHASSK134 - Scootle )

Experiences of Australian democracy and citizenship, including the status and rights of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples, migrants, women and children (ACHASSK135 - Scootle )

Experiences of Australian democracy and citizenship, including the status and rights of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples, migrants, women and children (ACHASSK135 - Scootle )

#### Global:

What other countries shared a similar connection? Asia / NZ What were the effects of colonisation?

Terms	Unit Title, Duration and Hours	Key and Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	Compulsory / optional considerations	Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment
3-4	Building for a strong future	Key: Global Interactions Relationship, Power and Innovation	Globalisation and Sustainability	Sustainable solution to resource use requires international cooperation and individual responsibility.	Research Self- Management			

Unit Title, Duration and Hours	Key and Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	Compulsory / optional considerations.	Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment
Ecosystems and resources	Identity	Identity and relationships	Identity is created by our connection with place.	Critical thinking Communication Research	Physical Geography impacts ecosystems, and this impacts individuals and groups.	Test: Physical Geography- mapping and place. Criteria D Case Study: Identifying organisms and their roles in an ecosystem. Criteria: C	Research Note- taking Synthesis Referencing Mapping Surveying Scale Time management BOTLS

#### Indigenous & global connections:

Ecosystems prior invasion- what did they look like?

Natural Australian ecosystems- changes?

How has the use, management and value of finite natural resources affected how people have lived and societies have evolved in the past and present, and what does this mean for future planning? What

and stable economy and what is the role of political, economic and social institutions in developing and maintaining this?

#### Global:

Cyclical nature of ecosystem and impacts on a global scale. Case studies of countries and exploration of impacts on systems around them.

#### Aust Curriculum Inquiry:

Construct significant questions and propositions to guide investigations about people, events, developments, places, systems and challenges (ACHASSI152 - Scootle )

Apply a methodology to locate and collect relevant information and data from a range of primary sources and secondary sources (<u>ACHASSI153 - Scootle</u>)

Sequence information about events, developments, periods and phenomena using a variety of disciplineappropriate formats and conventions including chronological frameworks that use dating conventions (<u>ACHASSI155 - Scootle</u>)

Examine primary sources and secondary sources to determine their origin, purpose and reliability (<u>ACHASSI156 - Scootle</u>)

Evaluate and synthesise evidence to draw conclusions (ACHASSI159 - Scootle )

Develop and use criteria to make informed decisions and judgements (ACHASSI161 - Scootle) Reflect on learning to propose personal and/or collective action in response to an issue or challenge, taking into account different perspectives, and describe the expected effects (ACHASSI162 - Scootle)

Unit Title,	Key and Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	Compulsory / optional considerations.	Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment
Be Water Wise	Perspective	Orientation in space and time	Understanding perspectives helps us recognise that different conditions have consequences	Research			

Unit Title	Key and Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	Compulsory / optional considerations.	Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment
The Connected Word	Systems	Orientation in space and time	Humans are vulnerable to natural environmental systems	Communication	Landscapes Landforms Geomorphic processes Erosion Coasts . Natural disasters	Investigation- multimodal documentary presentation: Volcanic explosion, tsunami or earthquake that has affected humans. Criteria: A, B, C, D	Questioning Evaluating Representing Interpreting Analyzing Communicating Responding Mapping / contours

Indigenous & global connections: Reaction to disasters across the world. How do different communities, in Australia and the world, develop their societienssons arel t

Unit Title	Key and Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	Compulsory / optional considerations.	Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment
Changing nations	Change	Globilisation and sustainability	What are the consequences of changes to places and environments and how can these changes be managed?	Critical thinking Research	Urban Migration	TASK: Case Study. Argumentative piece. Criteria: A, D (remove strand iii)	Observing Planning Collecting Recording Concluding Reflecting Mapping Sources
Indigenous	& global connection	ns:		Aust Curriculum st	rands:	ı	1

Indigenous population mobility- dispossession The history of hyman expansion

Global Connection:

case study of changes and impacts of changes. Case study of Sudan, Syria etc expansion Maluaka Centre- perhaps guest speaker to explore and understanding first person testimonies.

#### Aust Curriculum strands:

Causes and consequences of urbanisation, drawing on a study from Indonesia, or another country of the Asia region (ACHGK054 - Scootle )

Differences in urban concentration and urban settlement patterns between Australia and the United States of America, and their causes and consequences (ACHGK055 - Scootle )

Reasons for, and effects of, internal migration in both Australia and China (ACHGK056 - Scootle )

Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment
Task: Simpson Prize essay Criteria: B & C	Synthesis Referencing Note-taking Mapping- Inferencing Synthesis of information Source Analysis



Jnit Title	Key and Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	Compulsory / optional considerations.	Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment
Feeding the uture	Connections Systems Causality Processes Management and Intervention	Orientation in space and time Scientific and technical innovations	Securing our future food security requires climate action.	Thinking Research	<ul> <li>Analysis of 6 biomes</li> <li>Describe distribution of a biome</li> <li>Causes and features of the Natural and Enhanced greenhouse effect</li> <li>Impacts of climate change</li> <li>Climate change mitigation strategies</li> <li>Climate denialism and fake news</li> <li>Definition, nature, prevalence and causes of food security issues.</li> <li>(link to biomes)</li> <li>Impact of climate change on global food security (actual and predicted)</li> </ul>	Task 1:Field Work Task, Students will develop hypotheses and use field work to test hypothesis answering the inquiry question- we live in a Savanna Criteria B and D Task 2: Storymap- Climate change Criteria A and C	Annotate images Draw diagrams Mapping Identification of major ranges and deserts Create / read a climate graph GIS mapping ICT skills Digital mapping Elevation Contours Representing data

#### Indigenous & global connections:

Globalisation and impact on individuals and groups Impact of global consumerism on Indigenous peoples

**Denialisn- Perspectives** 

Exploring denialism Climate perspectives Exploration of food security Development of new proteins

#### **Australian Curriculum connections**

Distribution and characteristics of biomes as regions with distinctive climates, soils, vegetation and productivity (ACHO2666216530466 /wstralian Curricul

Year 9 Term 4										
Unit Title	Key and Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	Compulsory / optional considerations.	Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment			
Humanness	Systems	Fairness and development	Systems have been created to ensure peace and prosperity.	Thinking - Research	Legal Economic Human interaction	Task-				

### Year 10 Semester 1

Year 1	IO Tern	n 1					
Unit Title	Key and Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	Compulsory / optional considerations.	Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment
Global Events- 1939	Change	Identities and Relationships	Large scale social upheaval causes national and individual cultural identities to change.	Communication skills Research	Nazi Germany prior to WWII (Krystal Nacht as a case study) War in the pacific-		
					involvement in the war		
					Relationship post war		

### Year 10 Semester 2

Year 1	Year 10- Terms (s) 3-4 Legal Investigations										
Unit Title	Key and Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	Compulsory / optional considerations.	Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment				

Crime & Systems Punishme nt Causality

Unit Title	Key and Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	Compulsory / optional considerations.	Assessment Task	Specific skills required for assessment
Change	Causality	Fairness and Development	Social change is required to ensure fairness and allow development but is driven by a minority influence.	Thinking Research	Apartheid	TASK: Essay/Podcast/Oral presentation Criteria: B, C TASK: Exam/Formal Test Criteria A, D	Source analysis Synthesis of skills Application of skills Short / long answer questions Question types Primary / secondary sources
Indigenous & global connections: Impact of post-colonial powers on indigenous communities How did this connect with Australia? Why?			Aust Curriculum strands:         Students investigate struggles for human rights in depth. This will include how rights and freedoms have been ignored, demanded or achieved in Australia and in the broader world context.         The origins and significance of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, including Australia's involvement in the development of the declaration (ACDSEH023 - Scootle )         Background to the struggle of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples for rights and freedoms before 1965, including the 1938 Day of Mourning and the Stolen Generations (ACDSEH104 - Scootle )         The US civil rights movement and its influence on Australia (ACDSEH105 - Scootle )         The significance of the following for the civil rights of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples: 1962 right to vote federally; 1967 Referendum; Reconciliation; Mabo decision; Bringing Them Home Report (the Stolen Generations), the Apology (ACDSEH106 - Scootle )         Methods used by civil rights activists to achieve change for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples, and the role of ONE individual or group in the struggle (ACDSEH134 - Scootle )         The continuing nature of efforts to secure civil rights and freedoms in Australia and throughout the world, such as the Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (2007) (ACDSEH143 - Scootle )				

Notes